## Highlights of Educational Reforms since Independence ...

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	University Education Commission (1948-49)  Chairman: Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan	Secondary Education Report (1952-53)  Chairman: Dr. A. Lakshmanswami Mudaliar	Education Commission (1964-66) Chairman: Dr. D.S.Kothari	National Policy of Education (1986) & Revised Programme of Action (1992)	Learning without burden (1993)  Prof. Yashpal Committee report for School Education	National Curriculum Framework (NCF, 2005)	National Knowledge Commission (2009)	The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act, (2009)	New National Policy of Education
RECOMMENDATIONS	<ul> <li>Major emphasis on Higher Education and to produce able citizens who can take up national responsibilities</li> <li>Stressed on the need and significance of Women Education</li> <li>Establishment of Rural Universities</li> <li>University teachers must be categorized as Professors, Readers and Lecturers</li> <li>No Prescribed Textbooks for any courses of study</li> <li>Development of Objective Progress Tests for evaluating and guiding students</li> </ul>	Proposed Three Year Secondary and Four Year Higher Education stages Residential Day Schools to provide greater opportunities for teacher-pupil contact and for developing recreational and extracturicular activities Establishment of Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE) Proposed Abolition of two-year Intermediate Course Underlined the need of Educational and Vocational Guidance Emphasized on Training the Minds of students for self-learning and motivation for acquiring knowledge	Experience as an integral part of school curriculum  • Vocation is a ton of higher secondary education • Setting up of National Institute of Educational Rlanning and Administration (NIERA) • Finalizing Three Language Formula suggested by Central Advisory Board of Education (CABE) • Three Year Degree course and Four Year Honors Degree course • Proposed "Discovery and Diffusion" method of teaching • Emphasized on Teachers Education	administration of education  • Vision for Child Centered education  • Launch of Operation Blackboard  Establishment of Pace Setting Schools  • Organization of Education  • De linking Degrees from Jobs  • Fostering National Integration, international peace and the feeling of universal brotherhood  • Introduced Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation  • Proposal of Comprehensive Literacy Program  • Establishment of Open Universities	<ul> <li>Schools be Affiliated to the Respective State Boards</li> <li>Regulate the opening and functioning of Childhood Education institutions</li> <li>Launch 'Shiksha Darshan' television programme</li> <li>Set up Project Team to examine the syllabi and textbooks for all school classes</li> <li>No Homework Policy for Primary School Children</li> </ul>	Textbooks  • Making Flexible	<ul> <li>i.e., Accessibility of knowledge to all</li> <li>Advocated for Decentralization of Education</li> <li>Developing schedule of norms and standards to ensure Minimum Quality of Education,</li> <li>Called for the need of Justifiability for Right to Education</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Right to free and compulsory education in a Neighborhood School to age group 6 to 14 years</li> <li>No Child should be liable to pay any kind of Fee and Charge</li> <li>Private schools to give Admission to Children from Poor Families</li> <li>Schools shall constitute a School Management Committee consisting of local authority, parents or guardian of children.</li> <li>No child shall be subjected to Physical Punishment or Mental Harassment</li> <li>Proposed No Detention Policy</li> </ul>	I N D E V E L O P M E N T
	LITERACY	RATE 195	196 33% 28.30		1981 43.57%	1991 52.21		2011 74.04	E